#### Medical Chronology/Summary

Confidential and privileged information

#### **Usage guideline/Instructions**

**\*Verbatim summary:** All the medical details have been included "word by word' or "as it is" from the provided medical records to avoid alteration of the meaning and to maintain the validity of the medical records. The sentence available in the medical record will be taken as it is without any changes to the tense.

**<u>\*Case synopsis/Flow of events:</u>** For ease of reference and to know the glimpse of the case, we have provided a brief summary including the significant case details.

**<u>\*Injury report</u>**: Injury report outlining the significant medical events/injuries is provided which will give a general picture of the case.

**\*Comments:** We have included comments for any noteworthy communications, contradictory information, discrepancies, misinterpretation, missing records, clarifications, etc for your notification and understanding. The comments will appear in red italics as follows: **\*\*Comments**.

**<u>\*Indecipherable notes/date:</u>** Illegible and missing dates are presented as "00/00/0000" (mm/dd/yyyy format). Illegible handwritten notes are left as a blank space "\_\_\_\_" with a note as **"Illegible Notes**" in heading reference.

**\*Patient's History:** Pre-existing history of the patient has been included in the history section.

**\*Snapshot inclusion:** If the provider name is not decipherable, then the snapshot of the signature is included. Snapshots of significant examinations and pictorial representation have been included for reference.

**\*De-Duplication:** Duplicate records and repetitive details have been excluded.

#### General Instructions:

- The medical summary focuses on Motor Vehicle Collision on MM/DD/YYYY, the injuries and clinical condition of "Patient name" as a result of accident, treatments rendered for the complaints and progress of the condition.
- Initial and final therapy evaluation has been summarized in detail. Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.

# **Injury Report:**

DESCRIPTION	DETAILS					
Prior injury details	No prior injury details available.					
Date of injury	MM/DD/YYYY					
Description of	The patient was the restrained driver travelling at approximately 30mph					
injury	and reportedly struck the left side of another vehicle that pulled out in					
	front of her. Due to the impact, she sustained injuries to her middle back,					
	right forearm, left upper chest, knees, and right big toe.					
Injuries/Diagnoses	Cervicalgia					
	Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine					
	Pain in left shoulder					
	Chest pain, unspecified					
	Pain in thoracic spine					
	Sprain of ligaments of thoracic spine					
	• Mid back pain					
	Low back pain					
	• Sprain of ligaments of lumbar spine					
	Headache					
	Muscle spasms					
	Abnormal posture					
Treatments	Medications:					
rendered	Opiate analgesics					
	<ul> <li>Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drug</li> </ul>					
	• Muscle relaxant					
	Therapy:					
	<b>06/14/YYYY - 06/24/YYYY:</b> Received physical therapy from All Care					
	Therapies of Georgetown.					
	<b>10/14/YYYY - 02/22/YYYY:</b> Received chiropractic treatment from					
	Kapsner Chiropractic Centers					
Condition of the	As per the last available record on <i>02/22/YYYY</i> , patient had a final					
patient as per the	chiropractic evaluation with XXXX. She was diagnosed with sprain of					
last available record	ligaments of her cervical, thoracic, and lumbar spine. Her treatments					
	included chiropractic manipulation, cervical traction wedge, and					
	therapeutic exercise. Her prognosis was good. Dr. XXXX stated that due					
	to patient's residual symptoms, she would require future care					
	characterized as supportive in nature. Dr. XXXX also stated that					
	patient's symptoms was within reasonable clinical probability that up to					
Y	four flares in symptoms were likely to occur during the course of a					
	twelve month period based upon the patient's present activities of daily					
	living. Dr. XXXX anticipates three to five visits being required for each					
	episode. As a result, visits ranging up to 20 were recommended					
	annually.					

### **Patient History**

**Past Medical History:** Asthma, anemia, chronic constipation, sickle cell traits, and history of hyperthyroidism. She had car accident in YYYY. (*Pdf ref. 1–3*)

**Surgical History:** Breast biopsy, thyroid surgery, tonsillectomy/adenoidectomy, tubal ligation. (*Pdf ref. 3–4*)

**Family History:** Mother, father, maternal grandfather, paternal grandfather, paternal grandmother, and paternal aunt had heart disease. Father had type-2 diabetes mellitus. Mother died at the age of 32. (*Pdf ref. 5*)

Social History: Never smoker. She drinks alcohol occasionally. (Pdf ref. 6)

Allergy: No known allergies. (Pdf ref. 4)

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	
	PROVIDER			
	IKUVIDEK	Summary of Post Motor Vehicle Collision		
	(0)	Date of Injury: MM/DD/YYYY		
		btained from ambulance report dated MM/DD/YYYY)	<b>7</b> 0	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	Emergency Medical Service/Ambulance report:	5–8	
	Name			
		Incident details:		
		Location type: Street or Highway		
		Address: 100-449 Farm 685 Rd		
		City: Pflugerville.		
		County: Travis.		
		State: Texas.		
		<b>Zip</b> : 78660.		
	• (	<b>Country</b> : United states.		
		Medic unit: MED000.		
		Medic vehicle: Medic 000.		
K C		Run type: 911response.		
		Response mode: Emergent.		
		Shift: B-shift.		
		Zone: Station 203.		
		<b>EMD complaint</b> : Traffic accident.		
		Incident times:		
		Call received: 17:00:55 hours.		
		Dispatched: 17:01:15 hours.		
		<b>En route:</b> 17:01:52 hours.		
		<b>On scene:</b> 17:10:20 hours.		
		<b>At patient:</b> 17:11:00 hours.		
		Depart scene: 17:41:35 hours.		

# **Detailed Summary**

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS			
	PROVIDER				
		At destination: 17:47:59 hours.			
		Patient transferred: 17:52:00 hours. Call closed: 18:04:13 hours.			
		Can closed: 18.04.15 hours.			
		Specialty Patient - Motor Vehicle Collision:			
		Patient injured: Yes.			
		Vehicle type: Automobile.			
		Collision indicators: None.			
		<b>Position in vehicle:</b> Front Seat - Left Side (Or motorcycle driver)			
		Damage location: Center front.			
		Seat row: 1.			
		Air Bag deployed: Air Bag(s) Deployed - Front Deployed			
		Weather: Clear.			
		Safety devices: Shoulder and lap belt used. Extrication required: No.			
		Estimated speed: 30mph/48kph.			
		Clinical impression:			
		<b>Primary impression:</b> Injury of lower back.			
		Anatomic position: General/global.			
		Chief complaint: Back pain.			
		Secondary complaint: Right arm pain.			
		Signs and symptoms:			
		Injuries - Injury to lower back			
		Injuries - Injury to chest			
		<ul> <li>Injuries - Injury to foot</li> <li>Injuries - Injury to forearm</li> </ul>			
		• Injuries - injury to forearm			
		Injury: Motorized Vehicle Accident - Auto traffic accident injures			
		occupant Street or Highway - 04/26/YYYY			
	•	Mechanism of injury: Blunt.			
		Medical/trauma: Trauma			
		Barriers of care: None noted.			
		Alcohol/drugs: None reported.			
		Initial patient acuity: Lower Acuity (Green).			
		Vital signs @ 17:20:00 hours:			
	Y	AVPU: Alert			
		Position: Sit			
		Blood pressure: 159/89 mmHg			
		<b>SpO2</b> : 100%			
		Pulse rate: 107 beats/minute			
		Cardiac Output (CO): 5 liters/minute.			
		<b>Pain scale:</b> 6/10.			
		GCS: 15			
		1			

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	FACILITY/MEDICAL EVENTS1PROVIDER1				
	FRUVIDER	Flow chart @ 17:30:00 hours:				
		<b>Treatment</b> : Spinal motion restriction				
		<b>Description</b> : Cervical collar; Patient response: Unchanged; Successful;				
		Complication: None.				
		Initial assessment:				
		Abnormalities:				
		Back: Thoracic spine: Tender spinous.				
		Extremities: Swelling to the right forearm and burning sensation to the				
		right hand. Pain to bilateral knees. Pain to right index toe.				
		Narrative: M231 dispatched to a 38year old female reported to be in a				
		traffic accident. M231 responded emergent from station and arrived on				
		scene without delay. Upon arrival the patient was found seated in the front				
		driver seat of a small sedan type vehicle. The patient's vehicle had moderate				
		damage to the front end with airbag deployment from the steering column				
		and under the front dashboard. The patient was the restrained driver				
		traveling at approximately 30mph and reportedly struck the left side of				
		another vehicle that pulled out in front of her. The patient denied losing				
		consciousness or taking blood thinner medications. The patient complained				
		of pain to her middle back, right forearm, right upper chest, both knees, and				
		right big toe. The patient was assisted out of the vehicle and onto the				
		stretcher, secured via safety belts and loaded into M231.				
		On exam the patient had midline back pain in the thoracic spine, pain and				
		swelling to the right forearm, pain and bruising to the upper left anterior				
		chest, pain to both knees, and pain to the right toe. A cervical collar was				
		applied to the patient. M231 began non-emergent transport to the ED.				
		During transport the patient had no change in complaint or condition. Upon				
		arrival at the ED the patient was moved to ED room 1 and report given to				
		ED nurse. M231 cleared the call and returned to service.				
	• (	Destination details:				
		Disposition: Transported. No lights/siren.				
		Transport due to: Patient's choice.				
		Transported to: XXXX - Pflugerville.				
		Requested by: Patient.				
	Y	Destination: Hospital.				
		Department: Emergency room.				
		Address: XXXX.				
		City: Pflugerville. County: Travis.				
		State: Texas				
		<b>Zip</b> : 78660				
		Country: United states.				
		Condition at destination: Unchanged.				
		Patient transport details:				

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER	Detient position during transports Fourlage (Sami Unright Sitting)	
		Patient position during transport: Fowlers (Semi-Upright Sitting)Condition of patient at destination: Unchanged.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	Triage notes:	9
		Pt states she was restrained driver in MVC, her car hit another car T-bone.	
		She has bilateral knee pain, RT big toe hurts, Lt breast/ axilla hurts. Denies	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	abdominal pain or neck pain.     Emergency department visit:	10–14
	Name		10-14
		Admission information: Arrival date/time: 04/26/YYYY @ 17:52:00 hours.	
		Admission type: Emergency.	
		Means of arrival: Pflugerville Fire Department.	
		Point of origin: Self-referral.	
		Primary service: Emergency medicine.	
		Patient acuity (ESI): 3.	
		Subjective: The patient presents with motor vehicle crash.	
		History of present illness:	
		Patient presents for motor vehicle collision. Patient states she was restrained	
		driver when another vehicle pulled in front of her and caused her to hit it	
		while traveling about 30mph. Patient was restrained and airbags did deploy.	
		Denies head injury and loss of consciousness. No thinners. Currently	
		endorses pain to middle of her back and left chest. Also reports soreness in both knees and right big toe. Accident occurred about 45 minutes prior to	
		arrival. Patient brought in by EMS. She denies neck pain, lower back pain,	
		abdomen pain.	
		Review of systems: Cardiovascular: Positive for chest pain.	
		Musculoskeletal: Positive for back pain.	
	• (		
		Objective:	
		Vitals:	
		Blood pressure: 177/109 mmHg	
		Pulse: 93 beats/minute Temperature: 98.3°F (36.8°C)	
		Respiratory rate: 18 breaths/minute	
	$\mathbf{Y}$	SpO2: 99%	
		<b>Pain scale:</b> 6/10.	
		Physical exam:	
		Neck: Muscular tenderness present.	
		Musculoskeletal:	
		Thoracic back: She exhibits pain.	
		Pain diagram:	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
		1: Location of back pain, no midline TTP, no skin changes	
		<ul> <li>Labs: No visits with results within 1 Day(s) from this visit. Latest known visit with results is: No results found for any previous visit.</li> <li>Imaging: An X-ray of her chest was obtained and reviewed below in a separate row.</li> <li>Medications: New prescriptions: Tramadol (Ultram) 50 mg tablet: Take 1 tablet (50 mg total) by mouth every 6 (six) hours as needed for pain. Indications: Acute pain.</li> </ul>	
	Media	<ul> <li>Medications administered: Ibuprofen (Motrin) tablet 400 mg - Once Route: Oral</li> <li>Procedures: ED Course: Medical decision making:</li> <li>Patient presents for motor vehicle crash. Upon presentation to the ED, patient presents for motor vehicle crash. Upon presentation to the ED, patient is clinically stable and VSS. Patient is well appearing. Does not appear septic or toxic. Well hydrated. No apparent distress. Plain films unremarkable. Discussed results with patient who states patient is comfortable with discharge. Discharged patient home with strict return precautions and encouraged follow-up with Primary Care Physician. At time of discharge, patient clinically stable and agreed with care plan.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Final diagnoses:</li> <li>MVC (Motor Vehicle Collision)</li> <li>Pain in thoracic spine</li> <li>Chest pain, unspecified</li> <li>Driver injured in collision with unspecified motor vehicles in traffic accident, initial encounter</li> <li>Unspecified street and highway as the place of occurrence of the</li> </ul>	

DATE					
	PROVIDER				
		external cause.			
		Work status: Patient was seen and treated in our emergency department on			
		04/26/YYYY. She may return to work $04/28/YYYY$ without restrictions.			
		<b>Disposition</b> : Discharge to home or self-care.			
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	X-ray of chest, one view:	15–16		
	Name	Indication: Motor vehicle collision.			
		Findings:			
		• Portable upright AP view of the chest. No comparison.			
		• Heart is normal in size. No pulmonary infiltrate, pneumothorax, or			
		pleural effusion. Curvature of the cervical thoracic spine.			
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	Impression: No acute pulmonary process. Office visit:	17–22		
	Name		17-22		
	1 (unite	Chief complaint: Patient complains of neck/shoulder pain (Had car			
		accident 2/3 weeks ago), left knee/ankle with headache. Patient complains			
		of low Fe/MR.			
		Pain scale: 6/10.			
		History of present illness:			
		Patient moved here in October from Mississippi. She was in a car accident			
		on 04/26/YYYY where she T-boned someone who ran red light. She went			
		to the ER and was dismissed without broken bones.			
		Today, she is here due to continued headaches and neck tightness. She			
		wants to establish care today. She knows also that she is iron deficient			
		currently as she is craving gum all day. In July of YYYY, she was treated			
		with iron infusions. She had just received her second infusion in Mississippi			
		in September YYYY. In Jan of this year, she found a gynecologist, XXXX,			
		MD as she was experiencing heavy periods since December YYYY. Lab work revealed anemia and low ferritin. She has been taking iron pills.			
		work revealed allernia and low remain. She has been taking non phis.			
		Review of systems:			
		She wants to lose weight. She reports constipation.			
		Patient reports muscle aches (neck pain) and arthralgias/joint pain (Right			
	·	finger). She reports frequent or severe headaches; once a month severe headache - treats with BC powder.			
		Psychiatry: Stressed - drinks every day - 3 beers and 2 shots of whisky. She			
		reports fatigue, hair loss, and cold intolerance; hot at night. She reports			
		sinus pressure.			
		Physical exam:			
		Constitutional: General Appearance: Obese (BMI 48.1).			
		<b>ENMT</b> : Two teeth missing on top. Right tonsil gone. Patient has bony			

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		prominence extruding along top soft palate.	
		Neck: Pain with motion (Pain on left side of neck, more on top of shoulder,	
		trapezius muscle). Thyroid: Tender on left side.	
		Abdomen: Bowel Sounds: Diminished.	
		Musculoskeletal: Motor Strength and Tone: Hypotonicity. Tenderness at	
		left neck, shoulder, arm, below-the-knee left ankle; tender from car wreck).	
		Skin: Bruise on right inner arm, slight bruise over left shin.	
		Assessment/plan:	
		Patient here to establish care and annual exam. There are many issues to	
		cover. Advised patient to follow-up and address each issue per visit. Will	
		determine need pending blood results.	
		Adult health examination	
		Anemia screening	
		Thyroid disorder screening	
		Diabetes mellitus screening	
		• Screening for cardiovascular system disease	
		• Injury due to motor vehicle accident:	
		First visit since MVA ER visit on 04/26/YYYY. Patient complains	
		of neck pain, left shoulder pain, left arm, Left knee to ankle and	
		right index finger as well as headaches. She has no broken bones.	
		Headache most likely due to neck muscle strain.	
		• Cyclobenzaprine 10 mg tab as needed	
		• Meloxicam for one month to eliminate swelling overall	
		• PT referral for neck, shoulder pain	
		Injury, unspecified, initial encounter:	
		• Cyclobenzaprine 10 mg tablet - Take 1 tablet(s) 3 times a	
		day by oral route for 7 days.	
		Physical therapist referral - Schedule Within: provider's	
		discretion	
		Reason for referral: MVA - neck pain radiating through left	
		shoulder and arm.	
		<ul> <li>Meloxicam 15 mg tablet - Take 1 tablet(s) every day by</li> </ul>	
		oral route.	
		Constipation	
		<ul> <li>Elevated blood-pressure reading without diagnosis of hypertension</li> </ul>	
		- Enerated blood-pressure reading without diagnosis of hypertelision	
		*Reviewer's comments: Only the case focus details have captured in the	
	$\mathbf{Y}$	detailed manner.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	Laboratory:	23–24
	Name		
		Her laboratory results were obtained and reviewed.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	Initial physical therapy evaluation:	25–28
		Subjective: 04/26/YYYY. Patient with complaints of neck and left shoulder	
		pain stemming from a MVA. Patient was T-boned as the other vehicle was	
		turning. Patient stated the neck pain was severely initially, and mentioned	<u> </u>

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS			
	PROVIDER				
		that she occasionally has migraine headaches following accident. Patient			
		states the pain has gone down since then and mentioned that the pain			
		medication has been helping. Pain is around C3-T6 along the spine and along the left posterior shoulder (Where theses seatbelt was). Patient states			
		it is hard getting dressed due to shoulder and neck pain in the morning and			
		patient states it has also been hard to sleep due to the pain and having to			
		change positions. Patient describes pain as sharp and occurring with quick			
		movements. She also has numbress and tingling down the arm. Patient			
		states she worked as a medical assistant, but is not currently working and			
		states she can plan on returning once the pain subsides and once she can			
		tolerate sitting in one position for a longer period of time. Patient states pain			
		medication is the only thing that helps the pain at this point. No fracture			
		noted on X-ray.			
		Onset:			
		Date of Onset: 04/26/YYYY.			
		Description: Sharp.			
		Pain rating:			
		Verbal pain rating at present: 6 – Moderate pain. 06/14/21 – When in			
		cervical extension.			
		<b>Verbal pain rating at best:</b> 3 – Slight pain. 06/14/21 – In forward cervical			
		posture.			
		Objective: Functional deficits:			
		<b>Primary functional limitation:</b> Inability to sleep without tossing and			
		turning all night long,			
		Second functional limitation: Patient is unable to sit in the same position			
		with normal cervical posture without pain.			
		Third functional limitation: Patient is unable to get dressed in the morning			
		without shoulder pain and modifying positions.			
		<b>Fourth functional limitation:</b> Patient is unable to lift grandkid up.			
		Posture and alignment:			
		Head and neck posture: Forward head posture.			
		Upper extremity posture: Forward shoulders.			
		<b>Quick DASH:</b> 25 – CJ: 20 to 39%. Impaired (20 to 39)			
		Neck:			
		Neck disability index: 34 – Unable to perform usual activities.			
		Pain at end range:			
		<b>Extension:</b> Positive. Stiffness with movement, reduced at End-of-			
		Resuscitation (EOR).			
		Lateral flexion to right: Negative. Pain near C6.			
		Rotation to left: Negative. Cervical extension with rotation.			
		Rotation to right: Negative. Cervical extension with rotation.			
		1			

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS				PDF REF
DITL	PROVIDER	111				
		Cervical active ROM:				
			Resu	lt	Note	
		Cervical Extension	35 de	grees	No pain but reports of	
		AROM			"Increased stretch"	
		Cervical flexion AROM		grees	-	
		Cervical left lateral flexion AROM	1 20 de	grees	-	
		Cervical left rotation AROM	55 de	grees	Pain to left cervical spine; increased tension	
		Cervical right lateral flexion AROM	28 de	grees	Pain to left cervical spine; increased tension	
		Cervical right rotation AROM	55 de	grees	-	
		Upper extremity: Upper extremity neurovas	cular sc	reenin		
			Result		Note	
		Biceps tendon reflex D	Diminishe	ed	Bilateral	
		(C5,6) (1	1+)			
			) l+)	ed	Bilateral	
		L .	Diminishe	ed	Bilateral	
			1+)			
			legative		Biceps muscle contracted, but	
		test	т.,•		no tingling, numbness, or pain	
		test	legative		-	
		Radial nerve tension N test	legative		-	
		Sensation to light Ir touch	npaired		C5, C6 hyposensitive on left	
		Elbow muscle testing:		I.		
			Note			
		Biceps strength 4/5	Normal	on rig	ht	
		Biceps strength 4/5	Normal	on rig	ht	
	Nedi	Shoulder muscle testing:				
	7			Note	l on right Doin on left many 1	
		Deltoid 4/			l on right. Pain on left prevented te testing	
		Infraspinatus/teres 3-			, normal on right	
		minor			,	
			/5 -	-		
		Subscapularis 3-	+/5 (	On left	, normal on right	
		Assessment: DNF endurance	e test is	5". La	ck of endurance and strength	

DATE	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF	
	PROVIDER		
		likely aids in forward head posture with puts cervical spine in extension which might affect C5 and C6. Possible posterior lateral derangement of	
		cervical spine on left with direction preference into left cervical side glides	
		and retractions.	
		<b>Impression</b> : A patient present to outpatient physical therapy with	
		complains of neck and shoulder pain following MVA on 04/26/YYYY. Upon initial evaluation, patient is demonstrating forward head posture,	
		forward shoulders, Cervicothoracic (CT) hypomobility, hypofunction of	
		C5-C6 nerves, extension/rotation dysfunction in cervical spine, scapular	
		tenderness, numbness and tingling down 1st and 2nd digit (Dorsal surface),	
		Upper Trapezius (UT) spasm with movement; and pain and limited	
		shoulder internal rotation on left. As a result of these impairments, patient has difficulties performing activities like sleeping, putting on bra strap,	
		sitting down for long periods of time, lifting up grandkid, and working job.	
		Skilled physical therapy is recommended at a frequency of 1 time a week	
		for the next 8 weeks to decrease pain, decrease spams, improve posture, and	
		improve tolerance to activities towards increasing overall quality of life.	
		Physical therapy diagnosis:	
		• Pain in left shoulder	
		• Cervicalgia	
		Abnormal posture	
		Safety risks:	
		If impairments are not properly addressed safety risks and concerns	
		include: Radiculopathy. Further dysfunction or derangement of spine.	
		Justification of continued care: Patient dependence: Services cannot yet be performed independently by	
		the patient or other caretakers.	
		Accepted standard of practice:	
		Accepted standard of practice: Amount, duration, frequency and type of	
		treatment is reasonable under the accepted standards of practice.	
		Treatments rendered:	
		Therapeutic exercise	
		Therapeutic activity	
		Neuro muscular re-education	
	Y	<ul><li>Manual therapy</li><li>Patient education</li></ul>	
		Plan: Progressive stretching/strengthening to cervicothoracic spine in	
		addition to left shoulder to reduce difficulty with Activity of Daily Living	
		(ADL)/hobbies and increase overall Quality of Life (QOL) per patient	
		tolerance. Updates to HEP and session outcomes to be discussed as needed. Education on normal response to exercise and pain science.	
		Education on normal response to exercise and pain science.	
		Home carryover:	

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		Education and/or exercise activities provided for home: Deep Neck	
		Flexors (DNF), lateral flexion to the left, thoracic extension over foam,	
		scapular retraction, posture correction.	
		Right upper extremity:	
		Plan of care:	
		Certification period: 06/14/YYYY - 08/09/YYYY.	20.02
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	Interim physical therapy visit:	29–32
		<b>Summary</b> : Today was a productive session for patient who required	
		frequent education on normal response to exercise, mechanical Vs chemical	
		pain, pain science/sensitivity, and importance of HEP. Patient understood	
		and responded favorable to treatment today following manual and repeated	
		stretching techniques in addition postural education. Manual therapy	
		thoracic grade V manipulation with improve thoracic mobility and reduce	
		tension in surrounding soft tissue structures following seated chin	
		retractions 2 x 20, seated scapular retractions 2 x 20, left cervical side glides with $OP 2 = 20$ with being the matrix 10 kinds with investigation of the second state of the second st	
		with OP 2 x 20, side lying thoracic rotations x10/side with improve thoracic	
		mobility and increased cervical rotation ROM bilateral, seated thoracic extension over foam roller 3 x 20 (Emphasized for home exercise program	
		in addition cervical ROM in pain free ROM in all planes). Good	
		understanding of session outcomes and progression of plan of	
		care/interventions.	
		Subjective: Patient arrived to PT on time. Reports she has not performed all	
		exercises on her HEP but has been focusing on her posture and moving her neck in pain-free ROM with some reduction in pain overall.	
		neek in pain-nee koin with some reduction in pain overan.	
		Objective:	
		Functional deficits:	
		Primary functional limitation: Inability to sleep without tossing and	
		turning all night long.	
		Second functional limitation: Patient is unable to sit in the same position	
	• •	with normal cervical posture without pain.	
		Third functional limitation: Patient is unable to get dressed in the morning	
		without shoulder pain and modifying positions.	
	KO C	Fourth functional limitation: Patient is unable to lift grandkid up.	
		Posture and alignment:	
		Head and neck posture: Forward head posture.	
	<b>Y</b>	Upper extremity posture: Forward shoulders.	
		Quick DASH: 25 – CJ: 20 to 39%. Impaired (20 to 39)	
		Neck:	
		<b>Neck disability index:</b> 34 – Unable to perform usual activities.	
		Pain at end range:	
		<b>Extension:</b> Positive. Stiffness with movement, reduced at EOR; reduced by	
		EOS following thoracic extension stretch 06/18/YYYY.	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS				PDF REF
		Rotation to left: Nega Rotation to right: Ne			tension with rotation. extension with rotation.	
		Cervical active ROM	I:			
			Result	Not		
		Cervical 3 Extension AROM	5 degrees	stre 06/1	pain but reports of "Increased tch", full ROM by EOS on 18/YYYY following seated thoracic ension stretch and manual.	
		Cervical flexion 1 AROM	5 degrees	-		
		Cervical left 2 lateral flexion AROM	0 degrees	-		
		Cervical left 5 rotation AROM	5 degrees	tens	n to left cervical spine; increased sion; less pain with greater ROM by S on 06/18/YYYY	
		lateral flexion AROM	8 degrees	tens	n to left cervical spine; increased sion; less pain with greater ROM by S on 06/18/YYYY	
		Cervical right 5 rotation AROM	5 degrees			
		Upper extremity: Upper extremity nen	rovascular	scree	ening:	
			Result		Note	
		Biceps tendon reflex (C5,6)	(1+)		Bilateral	
		Brachioradialis tendon reflex (C6)	Diminish (1+)	ed	Bilateral	
		Triceps tendon reflex	~ /	ed	Bilateral	
	- Si	Median nerve tension test	Negative		06/14/YYYY: Biceps muscle contracted, but no tingling, numbness, or pain	
	Nedi	Sensation to light touch	Impaired		C5, C6 hyposensitive on left	
		Shoulder muscle test				
		Deltoid	<b>Result</b> 4/5	Not Not	te rmal on right. Pain on left prevented	
				acci	urate testing	
		Infraspinatus/teres minor	3+/5		left, normal on right	
		Subscapularis	3+/5	On	left, normal on right	
		Assessment: Patient r	esponded fa	vorab	bly to session today with improved	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
		cervical ROM and decreased referred pain into left shoulder following repeated stretching with particular emphasis on addressing limitations in thoracic spine. Responded most favorably today to thoracic rotation and extension exercises.	
		<b>Impression</b> : A patient present to outpatient physical therapy with complains of neck and shoulder pain following MVA on 04/26/YYYY. Upon initial evaluation, patient is demonstrating forward head posture, forward shoulders, CT hypomobility, hypofunction of C5-C6 nerves, extension/rotation dysfunction in cervical spine, scapular tenderness, numbness and tingling down 1st and 2nd digit(Dorsal surface), UT spasm with movement; and pain and limited shoulder internal rotation on left. As a result of these impairments, patient has difficulties performing activities like sleeping, putting on bra strap, sitting down for long periods of time, lifting up grandkid, and working job. Skilled physical therapy is recommended at a frequency of 1 x a week for the next 8 weeks to decrease pain, decrease spams, improve posture, and improve tolerance to activities towards increasing overall quality of life.	
		<ul> <li>Physical therapy diagnosis:</li> <li>Pain in left shoulder</li> <li>Cervicalgia</li> <li>Abnormal posture</li> </ul>	
		Safety risks: If impairments are not properly addressed safety risks and concerns include: Radiculopathy. Further dysfunction or derangement of spine. Justification of continued care: Patient dependence: Services cannot yet be performed independently by the patient or other caretakers. Accepted standard of practice:	
	Medi	<ul> <li>Accepted standard of practice: Amount, duration, frequency and type of treatment is reasonable under the accepted standards of practice.</li> <li>Treatments rendered: <ul> <li>Therapeutic exercise</li> <li>Therapeutic activity</li> <li>Neuro muscular re-education</li> <li>Manual therapy</li> <li>Patient education</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
		<b>Plan</b> : Progressive stretching/strengthening to cervicothoracic spine in addition to left shoulder to reduce difficulty with ADLs/hobbies and increase overall QOL per patient tolerance. Updates to HEP and session outcomes to be discussed as needed. Education on normal response to exercise and pain science.	
		Home carryover:	

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER	<b>Education and/or exercise activities provided for home:</b> DNF, lateral	
		flexion to the left, thoracic extension over foam, scapular retraction, posture	
		correction.	
		Right upper extremity:	
		Plan of care:	
		<b>Certification period:</b> 06/14/YYYY - 08/09/YYYY.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	Final physical therapy evaluation:	33–40
		<b>Summary</b> : Today was a productive session for patient who required frequent education on normal response to exercise, mechanical Vs chemical pain, pain science/sensitivity, and importance of HEP. Patient understood	
		and responded favorable to treatment today following manual and repeated stretching techniques in addition postural education. Manual therapy	
		thoracic grade V manipulation with improve thoracic mobility and reduce tension in surrounding soft tissue structures following seated chin	
		retractions 2 x 20, seated scapular retractions 2 x 20, left cervical side glides x 20 with improved cervical ROM but tension in shoulder (Screen shoulder	
		for possible ligamentous injury/labrum/instability - unremarkable aside from tension in laterals, LH bicep tendon, Trigger Point (TrP) along levator	
		scapula and medial scapula muscles - addressed with trigger point release left thoracic rib mobs grade IV), hand/heel rock books with hold in child	
		pose with stretch to laterals $2 \times 20$ (added to HEP), seated thoracic	
		extension over foam roller $3 \times 20$ (Emphasized for HEP in addition cervical	
		ROM in pain free ROM in all planes). Good understanding of session outcomes with update to HEP.	
		<b>Subjective</b> : Patient arrived to PT on time reporting pain levels have been better overall since previous session. States she has not been performing	
		exercises regularly. Reports she is feeling extra sore today but attributes it to a long drive from Galveston and being in prolonged sitting position.	
		Pain rating:	
	• (	Pain rating:	
		<b>Verbal pain rating at present</b> : 5 – Moderate pain. 06/24/YYYY – Standing and walking.	
	KC	Objective:	
		Functional deficits:	
		<b>Primary functional limitation:</b> Inability to sleep without tossing and	
	7	turning all night long.	
		<b>Second functional limitation:</b> Patient reports she focused on her posture with long drive to and from Galveston but has noticed pain return today.	
		<b>Third functional limitation:</b> Patient is unable to get dressed in the morning	
		without shoulder pain and modifying positions; states shoulder feels	
		unstable in posterior.	
		Fourth functional limitation: Patient is unable to lift grandkid up.	
		Posture and alignment:	

DATE	FACILITY/		MEDICA	LE	VENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER					
		Head and neck postu Upper extremity post				
		Quick DASH: 25 – C	J: 20 to 39%. ]	Impai	ired (20 to 39)	
			No pain for fir	rst ses	rform usual activities. ssion since IE, improved ROM. nsion with rotation but improved	
		ROM.			tension with rotation but improved	
		Cervical active ROM				
			Result	Not		
		Cervical Extension AROM	50 degrees		pain but reports of "Increased tch"	
		Cervical flexion AROM	40 degrees			
		Cervical left lateral flexion AROM	20 degrees	_		
		Cervical left rotation AROM	With ÉRP 75 degrees	tens	n to left cervical spine; increased sion; less pain with greater ROM EOS on 06/18/YYYY	
		Cervical right lateral flexion AROM	28 degrees	Pair tens	n to left cervical spine; increased sion; less pain with greater ROM EOS on 06/18/YYYY	
		Cervical right rotation AROM	75 degrees	-		
		Upper extremity:	_			
		Upper extremity neu		reeni		
		Biceps tendon reflex	Result Diminishe	be	Note Bilateral	
		(C5,6)	(1+)	Ju	Difateral	
		Brachioradialis tendo		ed	Bilateral	
		reflex (C6)	(1+)			
	7	Triceps tendon reflex	Diminishe	ed	Bilateral	
		(C7)	(1+)			
		Median nerve tension test	n Negative		06/14/YYYY: Biceps muscle contracted, but no tingling, numbness, or pain	
		Sensation to light touch	Impaired		C5, C6 hyposensitive on left	
		Shoulder muscle test	ing:			

PROVIDER			AL EVENTS	PDF REF
IKOVIDEK				
		Result	Note	
	Deltoid	4/5	Normal on right. Pain on left	
	Subscapularis	3+/5	On left, normal on right	
	cervical ROM and decrease repeated stretching with part thoracic spine. Responded in release, and extension exerce <b>Impression</b> : A patient press complains of neck and shou Upon initial evaluation, patt forward shoulders, CT hype extension/rotation dysfunct numbness and tingling dow with movement; and pain a result of these impairments. like sleeping, putting on bra lifting up grandkid, and wo recommended at a frequence pain, decrease spams, impre towards increasing overall of <b>Physical therapy diagnosi</b> Pain in left shoulde Cervicalgia Abnormal posture <b>Safety risks:</b> <b>If impairments are not pr include:</b> Radiculopathy. Fu	ed referrer rticular en most favo cises. ent to out ilder pain ient is de omobility ion in cen 'n 1st and nd limite , patient la a strap, si rking job cy of 1 x a ove postu quality of s: er	d pain into left shoulder following mphasis on addressing limitations in orably today to lateral stretching, TrP patient physical therapy with a following MVA on 04/26/YYYY. monstrating forward head posture, y hypofunction of C5-C6 nerves, vical spine, scapular tenderness, 2nd digit (Dorsal surface), UT spasm d shoulder internal rotation on left. As a has difficulties performing activities tting down for long periods of time, . Skilled physical therapy is a week for the next 8 weeks to decrease re, and improve tolerance to activities Tlife.	
			ot yet be performed independently by	
			st yet be performed independently by	
			nount duration frequency and type of	
Y				
	Treatments rendered: • Therapeutic exercise • Therapeutic activity • Neuro muscular re- • Manual therapy	se y		
	Activ	Infraspinatus/teres minor Subscapularis Assessment: Patient respor cervical ROM and decrease repeated stretching with pat thoracic spine. Responded a release, and extension exerce Impression: A patient press complains of neck and shou Upon initial evaluation, pat forward shoulders, CT hype extension/rotation dysfunct numbness and tingling dow with movement; and pain a result of these impairments like sleeping, putting on br lifting up grandkid, and wo recommended at a frequence pain, decrease spams, impre towards increasing overall Physical therapy diagnosi Pain in left shoulde Cervicalgia Abnormal posture Safety risks: If impairments are not pr include: Radiculopathy. Fr Justification of continued Patient dependence: Servi the patient or other caretake Accepted standard of pra Accepted standard of pra treatment is reasonable und Treatments rendered: Therapeutic activity Neuro muscular re-	Infraspinatus/teres minor       3+/5         Subscapularis       3+/5         Assessment: Patient responded favo cervical ROM and decreased referre repeated stretching with particular enthoracic spine. Responded most favo release, and extension exercises.         Impression: A patient present to out complains of neck and shoulder pain Upon initial evaluation, patient is de forward shoulders, CT hypomobility extension/rotation dysfunction in cern numbness and tingling down 1st and with movement; and pain and limite result of these impairments, patient like sleeping, putting on bra strap, si lifting up grankkid, and working job recommended at a frequency of 1 x a pain, decrease spams, improve postutowards increasing overall quality of Physical therapy diagnosis: <ul> <li>Pain in left shoulder</li> <li>Cervicalgia</li> <li>Abnormal posture</li> </ul> <li>Safety risks:         <ul> <li>If impairments are not properly are include: Radiculopathy. Further dys Justification of continued care: Patient dependence: Services cannot the patient or other caretakers. Accepted standard of practice: Accepted standard of practice: An treatment is reasonable under the accenter is reasonable under the accenter is reasonable under the accenter is the patient or other caretakers.</li> </ul> </li>	Infraspinatus/teres minor         prevented accurate testing           Infraspinatus/teres minor         3+/5         On left, normal on right           Assessment: Patient responded favorably to session today with improved cervical ROM and decreased referred pain into left shoulder following repeated stretching with particular emphasis on addressing limitations in thoracic spine. Responded most favorably today to lateral stretching. TrP release, and extension exercises.           Impression: A patient present to outpatient physical therapy with complains of neck and shoulder pain following MVA on 04/26/YYY. Upon initial evaluation, patient is demonstrating forward head posture, forward shoulders, CT hypomobility, hypofunction of CS-C6 nerves, extension/rotation dysfunction in cervical spine, scapular tenderness, numbness and tingling down 1st and 2nd digit (Dorsal surface), UT spasm with movement; and pain and limited shoulder for long periods of time, lifting up grandkid, and working job. Skilled physical therapy is recommended at a frequency of 1 x a week for the next 8 weeks to decrease pain, decrease spams, improve posture, and improve tolerance to activities towards increasing overall quality of life.           Physical therapy diagnosis:         • Pain in left shoulder           • Abnormal posture         • Safety risks and concerns include: Radiculopathy. Further dysfunction or derangement of spine. Justification of continued care: Patient dependence: Services cannot yet be performed independently by the patient or other caretakers. Accepted standard of practice: Ac

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		<b>Plan</b> : Progressive stretching/strengthening to cervicothoracic spine in	
		addition to left shoulder to reduce difficulty with ADLs/hobbies and	
		increase overall QOL per patient tolerance. Updates to HEP and session	
		outcomes to be discussed as needed. Education on normal response to	
		exercise and pain science.	
		Home carryover:	
		Education and/or exercise activities provided for home: DNF, lateral	
		flexion to the left, thoracic extension over foam, scapular retraction, posture	
		correction.	
		Right upper extremity: Plan of care:	
		<b>Certification period:</b> 06/14/YYYY - 08/09/YYYY.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	Office visit:	41-42
	Name		11 12
		This patient presents for back pain and neck pain.	
		History of present illness:	
		Back pain: Severity level is moderate. The problem is fluctuating. It occurs	
		persistently. Location of pain is lower back. There is no radiation of pain.	
		The patient describes the pain as an ache and throbbing. Context: Motor	
		vehicle accident and trauma. Symptoms are aggravated by ascending stairs,	
		bending, daily activities, descending stairs, extension, flexion, lifting, pushing and standing. Symptoms are relieved by heat massage, stretching	
		and rest.	
		Neck pain: The severity of the problem is moderate. The problem has	
		worsened. The frequency of pain is daily. Location of pain is bilateral	
		anterior neck, bilateral lateral neck and bilateral posterior neck. There is no	
		radiation of pain. The patient describes the pain as Aching and Sharp. The	
		event(s) surrounding the occurrence of the symptom include motor vehicle	
		accident and sitting. Aggravating factors include bending, exertion, rotation,	
	•	stress and turning head. Relieving factors include heating pad, NSAIDs and	
		rest. Associated symptoms include decreased mobility, difficulty sleeping,	
		joint pain, muscle spasm and tenderness. Pertinent negatives include	
		bladder dysfunction not spinal related, bladder incontinence, bladder	
		retention, bowel incontinence, dysphagia, numbness and rash.	
		Additional information: History of previous disc problem and history of	
	Y	spinal surgery.	
		Serenting tools:	
		Screening tools: Patient Health Questionnaire (PHQ – 2): 0.	
		Review of systems:	
		Psychiatric: Difficult sleeping.	
		Musculoskeletal: Decreased mobility, joint pain, muscle spasms,	
		musculoskeletal tenderness.	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER	<ul> <li>Physical exam: Musculoskeletal: Cervical spine - Tender, Range of motion: Mild pain with motion. Thoracic spine - Tenderness. Lumbar spine - Tenderness, Range of motion: Mild pain with motion.</li> <li>Assessment/plan: <ul> <li>Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine, subsequent encounter: Will continue with pain control and recommended physical therapy. If not better, will need MRI.</li> <li>Person injured in unspecified motor vehicle accident, traffic, initial</li> <li>Body mass index [BMI] 45.0-49.9, adult Plan orders: Today's instructions/counseling include(s) Dietary management education, guidance, and counseling. Giving encouragement to exercise.</li> <li>Other obesity</li> <li>Orders not associated to today's assessments. Active Medication: Acetaminophen 300 mg-Codeine 30 mg tablet and Gabapentin 100 mg capsule Active Medication: Azithromycin 250 mg tablet</li> </ul> </li> <li>Patient education: Neck strain or sprain: Rehab exercises.</li> </ul>	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	<ul> <li>Initial chiropractic evaluation:</li> <li>Chief complaints: Low back pain, mid back pain, neck pain, right point finger, arm radicular symptoms, left shoulder pain.</li> <li>Date of onset: 04/26/YYYY.</li> <li>Mechanism of onset: Driver of the vehicle going straight when another vehicle pulled out of a parking lot to the middle lane causing her to T-bone them on the driver's side. Braced for impact, recalls jerking forwards and backwards, hit finger on steering wheel. Seatbelt on. Airbags deployed.</li> <li>Duration: Off and on.</li> <li>Relieving factors: Medications: Ibuprofen.</li> <li>Aggravating factors: Lying down, sitting.</li> <li>Pain scale: 7/10 at best, 10/10 at worst.</li> <li>Frequency of waking hours: 76-100%.</li> <li>VAS: Neck/back: 3.</li> <li>Neck index: Difficulties in sleeping, lifting, reading, driving, concentration, recreation, work.</li> <li>Back index: Difficulties in personal care, sleeping, lifting, travelling, social life.</li> <li>Accident/injury questionnaire:</li> <li>Check any of the following that you have experienced since, and/or as a</li> </ul>	43-44

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		direct result of this accident or injury: Headaches, anxiety, depression,	
		visual disturbance, trouble sleeping, numbness or tingling.	
		Have you had difficulty with any of the following: Housework, waking,	
		and sitting.	
		<b>Due to this injury/accident, have you undergone any of the following:</b> Medical Doctor Treatment or Evaluation – XXXX, P.T.	
		We deal Doctor Treatment of Evaluation – XXXX, 1.1.	
		Treatment:	
		<b>History:</b> Went by ambulance to XXXX. Did exam, took X-rays, prescribed	
		medications. Went to PCP – Exam only and PCC in Mississippi. All Care –	
		Physical therapy – for 3 visits last seen in May. Had MRIs of neck and left	
		shoulder in Mississippi.	
		*Reviewer's comments: The aforementioned MRI reports are unavailable	
		for review.	
		History: Car accident in YYYY. Received treatment. No pain after.	
		* <i>Reviewer's comments: The aforementioned reports pertaining to collision in YYYY are unavailable for review.</i>	
		in 1111 are unavailable jor review.	
		Objective findings:	
		Cervical/lumbar spine examination:	
		Range of motion – Cervical spine:	
		Flexion: 35 degrees.	
		Extension: 40 degrees.	
		Left lateral flexion: 25 degrees.	
		Right lateral flexion: 25 degrees.	
		Left rotation: 50 degrees.	
		<b>Right rotation:</b> 50 degrees.	
		<b>Note:</b> All ranges of motion of the cervical spine increased the pain in the cervical spine area.	
		cervical spine area.	
		Range of motion –Lumbosacral spine:	
	• (	Flexion: 75 degrees.	
	~ ^ ^	Extension: 20 degrees.	
		Left lateral flexion: 15 degrees.	
		Right lateral flexion: 15 degrees.	
		Note: All ranges of motion increased the pain in the lumbar spine area.	
		<b>Findings</b> : There was severe tenderness to palpation and hypertonicity of the	
		paravertebral muscles from axis to sacrum bilaterally. Also noted was severe tenderness to palpation and hypertonicity of the scalene muscles,	
		trapezius muscles, levator scapulae muscles, rhomboid muscles, gluteal	
		muscles and hamstring muscles.	
		The following orthopedic and/or neurological tests were performed with	
		positive findings:	
		• Jackson's compression: Positive with severe pain bilaterally in the	
		cervical spine area.	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
		<ul> <li>Shoulder depression test: Positive with severe pain in the cervico/thoracic spine area and trapezius muscles bilaterally.</li> <li>Kemp's test: Positive with severe pain in the lumbar spine bilaterally.</li> <li>Yeoman test: Positive with severe pain in the sacroiliac joints bilaterally.</li> </ul>	
		Pain diagram:	
		The pair and Back	
		Assessment: Diagnosis: • Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine • Sprain of ligaments of thoracic spine • Sprain of ligaments of lumbar spine	
		Procedures:	
		<ul> <li>Chiropractic manipulation, 3-4 regions</li> <li>Manual therapy</li> </ul>	
		Therapeutic exercise, group	
	L Co	<b>Term</b> : 3 times per week/4 weeks.	
		<b>PT/MT Notes:</b> Patient did ROM rotation, ROM lateral bending, ROM flexion, ROM extension, suboccipitals, levator, and active traps. Patient	
		performed 1 set of each of the above and holding each position for 15	
		seconds with deep breathing. Patient performed stretches including double knees to chest, single knee to chest, figure 4 knee to chest, Tensor Fasciae	
		Latae (TFL)/Quadratus Lumborum (QL) trunk rotation supine, half lumbar,	
		rotation, and cat/camel. Patient performed 1 set of each exercise for 15 seconds each.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	Chiropractic re-examination:	45–50

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER	Chief complete Low heels not mid heels not not not one adjuste	
		<b>Chief complaints:</b> Low back pain, mid back pain, neck pain, arm radicular symptoms, left shoulder pain.	
		<b>Notes:</b> Overall has seen improvement in regards to neck and back pains.	
		Able to sit longer, but extended sitting does aggravate lower back pains, same with driving. Patient is sleeping better the last few weeks.	
		Pain scale: 5/10.	
		Frequency of waking hours: 51-75%.	
		Objective findings: Cervical/lumbar spine examination:	
		Range of motion – Cervical spine:	
		Flexion: 45 degrees.	
		Extension: 50 degrees.	
		Left lateral flexion: 35 degrees. Right lateral flexion: 40 degrees.	
		Flexion: 45 degrees. Extension: 50 degrees. Left lateral flexion: 35 degrees. Left rotation: 65 degrees.	
		<b>Right rotation:</b> 70 degrees.	
		Range of motion – Lumbosacral spine:	
		Flexion: 80 degrees. Extension: 20 degrees.	
		Left lateral flexion: 20 degrees.	
		Right lateral flexion: 20 degrees.	
		Findings, These fields, to use denote success and solve his	
		<b>Findings</b> : There was low to moderate muscle spasms and palpable tenderness in the cervical, thoracic, lumbar paraspinal muscles, and	
		sacroiliac joints bilaterally. There was also a muscle spasm and trigger point	
		in the trapezius muscles, levator scapulae muscles, rhomboid muscles,	
		gluteal muscles, piriformis muscles, and hamstring muscles bilaterally.	
		The following orthopedic and/or neurological tests were performed with	
	• (	positive findings:	
		• Jackson's compression: Positive with low pain bilaterally.	
	Ned1	• <b>Shoulder depression test:</b> Positive with low pain bilaterally.	
		• <b>Kemp's test:</b> Positive with moderate pain in the lumbar spine bilaterally.	
		<ul> <li>Patrick Faber test: Positive with low pain in the left hip and</li> </ul>	
		bilaterally.	
	7		
		Assessment: Diagnosis:	
		Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine	
		<ul> <li>Sprain of ligaments of thoracic spine</li> </ul>	
		• Sprain of ligaments of lumbar spine	
		Description	
		<ul><li>Procedures:</li><li>Chiropractic manipulation, 3-4 regions</li></ul>	
	l		

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		• Manual therapy	
		• Therapeutic exercise, group	
		DT/MT Notage Three gots of tan norformed for eight minutes. Detiont did	
		<b>PT/MT Notes:</b> Three sets of ten performed for eight minutes. Patient did ROM rotation, ROM lateral bending, ROM flexion, ROM extension,	
		suboccipitals, levator, and active traps. Patient performed 1 set of each of	
		the above and holding each position for 15 seconds with deep breathing.	
		Cervical flexion and extension was performed in sets of 5 to increase range	
		of motion. Cervical lateral flexion (left and right) was performed in sets of 5	
		to help with the patient's range of motion. Cervical retraction and extension	
		exercises were performed in sets of 5 to strengthen the affected muscles and	
		improve range of motion. Patient performed lumbar flexion and extension	
		right and left lateral bending and clockwise and counter clockwise	
		circumduction exercises on an unstable platform to utilize postural and balance muscles.	
		Additional notes: This patient will continue to be seen 3 times per week for	
		the following approximately 4 weeks. Treatment will include joint	
		manipulation with active therapies.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	Chiropractic re-examination:	51–55
	Name		
		<b>Chief complaints:</b> Low back pain, mid back pain, neck pain, arm radicular symptoms, left shoulder pain.	
		symptoms, tert shoulder pain.	
		Notes: The patient states that their condition is improving with symptoms	
		now being on an intermittent basis. Left lower back pain noted and having	
		headaches.	
		Pain scale: 3/10.	
		Objective findings	
		Objective findings: Cervical/lumbar spine examination:	
		Range of motion – Cervical spine:	
	• (	Flexion: 45 degrees.	
		Extension: 45 degrees.	
		Left lateral flexion: 35 degrees.	
		Right lateral flexion: 35 degrees.	
		Left rotation: 70 degrees.	
		Right rotation: 70 degrees.	
	Y	Range of motion –Lumbosacral spine:	
		Flexion: 80 degrees.	
		Extension: 20 degrees.	
		Left lateral flexion: 20 degrees.	
		Right lateral flexion: 20 degrees.	
		<b>Findings</b> : There was low to moderate muscle spasms in the cervical,	
		lumbar paraspinal muscles, and sacroiliac joints bilaterally. There was also	
		a muscle spasm and trigger point in the right trapezius muscles,	

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		<ul> <li>suboccipital, and hamstring muscles bilaterally.</li> <li>The following orthopedic and/or neurological tests were performed with positive findings: <ul> <li>Shoulder depression test: Positive with moderate pain in the cervical/thoracic region.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Assessment: <ul> <li>Diagnosis: <ul> <li>Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine</li> <li>Sprain of ligaments of thoracic spine</li> <li>Sprain of ligaments of lumbar spine</li> </ul> </li> <li>Procedures: <ul> <li>Chiropractic manipulation, 3-4 regions</li> <li>Therapeutic exercise, group</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	
		• Cervical Traction Wedge <b>PT/MT Notes</b> : Patient performed lumbar flexion and extension right and left lateral bending and clockwise and counter clockwise circumduction exercises on an unstable platform to utilize postural and balance muscles. Three sets of ten performed for eight minutes. Patient did ROM rotation, ROM lateral bending, ROM flexion, ROM extension, suboccipitals, levator, and active traps. Patient performed 1 set of each of the above and holding each position for 15 seconds with deep breathing. Cervical flexion and extension was performed in sets of 5 to increase range of motion. Cervical lateral flexion (left and right) was performed in sets of 5 to help with the patient's range of motion. Cervical retraction and extension exercises were performed in sets of 5 to strengthen the affected muscles and improve range of motion.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider Name	<ul> <li>Summary of interim chiropractic sessions:</li> <li>Chief complaints: Low back pain, mid back pain, neck pain, arm radicular symptoms, left shoulder pain.</li> <li>Diagnosis: <ul> <li>Sprain of ligaments of cervical spine</li> <li>Sprain of ligaments of thoracic spine</li> <li>Sprain of ligaments of lumbar spine</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	56-60
		<ul> <li>Procedures:</li> <li>Chiropractic manipulation, 3-4 regions</li> <li>Manual therapy</li> <li>Therapeutic exercise, group</li> <li>Cervical Traction Wedge</li> </ul> As of 02/17/YYYY: Patient had the complaints of pain in her left lower	

DATE	FACILITY/ PROVIDER	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
		back, along with headache. On examination, she had moderate pain and spasm in her bilateral cervical and lumbar paraspinal muscles. She also had moderate pain and spasm in her trapezius, levator scapulae muscles, and quadratus lumborum muscles. She was diagnosed with sprain of ligaments of her cervical, thoracic, and lumbar spine. Her treatments included chiropractic manipulation, cervical traction wedge, and therapeutic exercise.	
		Date of visits: 10/21/YYYY, 10/26/YYYY, 10/28/YYYY, 11/04/YYYY, 11/10/YYYY, 11/11/YYYY, 11/15/YYYY, 11/22/YYYY, 12/02/YYYY, 12/08/YYYY, 12/09/YYYY, 12/14/YYYY, 02/10/YYYY, 02/17/YYYY	
		*Reviewer's comments: Interim visits have been presented cumulatively to avoid repetition and for ease of reference.	
MM/DD/YYYY	Facility/ Provider	Final chiropractic evaluation:	61–65
	Name	<ul> <li>Narrative report: The above named patient was initially seen in this office on 10/14/YYYY for examination and treatment of the symptoms that arose due to an automobile accident that occurred on 04/26/YYYY. At that time the patient's subjective complaints were neck pain, mid back pain, lower back pain, left shoulder pain and right pointer finger pain. The patient stated she was the driver of a vehicle that was she T-boned another car. The patient reported being thrown backwards and forwards upon impact. The pain was rated 7-9/10 on the Visual Analog Scale (VAS). Due to these symptoms, she initially reported the following functional deficiencies:</li> <li>Pain induced insomnia</li> <li>Headaches</li> <li>Anxiety</li> <li>Depression</li> <li>Visual disturbance</li> <li>Numbness or tingling</li> <li>Increased pain with prolonged sitting and walking</li> <li>Difficulty performing household chores</li> </ul> Treatment history: <ul> <li>The patient went to the emergency room by ambulance at XXXX. While there, they were evaluated, X-Rays were taken, medications were prescribed and released.</li> <li>The patient went to Physical Therapy at All Care in May.</li> </ul>	
		<b>Initial examination:</b> The patient with symmetrical and normally developed musculature. There was severe tenderness to palpation and hypertonicity of the paravertebral muscles from Axis to sacrum bilaterally. Also noted was severe tenderness to palpation and hypertonicity of the scalene muscles, trapezius muscles, levator scapulae muscles, rhomboid muscles, gluteal muscles and hamstring muscles.	

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
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DATE		<ul> <li>Range of motion – Cervical spine: Flexion: 35 degrees.</li> <li>Extension: 40 degrees.</li> <li>Left lateral flexion: 25 degrees.</li> <li>Right lateral flexion: 25 degrees.</li> <li>Right rotation: 50 degrees.</li> <li>Right rotation: 50 degrees.</li> <li>Note: All ranges of motion of the cervical spine increased the pain in the cervical spine area.</li> <li>Range of motion – Lumbosacral spine: Flexion: 75 degrees.</li> <li>Extension: 20 degrees.</li> <li>Left lateral flexion: 15 degrees.</li> <li>Extension: 20 degrees.</li> <li>Left lateral flexion: 15 degrees.</li> <li>Note: All ranges of motion increased the pain in the lumbar spine area.</li> <li>The following orthopedic and/or neurological tests were performed with positive findings: <ul> <li>Jackson's compression: Positive with severe pain bilaterally in the cervical spine area</li> <li>Shoulder degression test: Positive with severe pain in the cervico/thoracie spine area and trapezius muscles bilaterally.</li> <li>Kemp's test: Positive with severe pain in the lumbar spine bilaterally.</li> <li>Kemp's test: Positive with severe pain in the SI joints bilaterally.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Differential diagnosis: <ul> <li>Acute traumatic sprain/strain of the cervical spine with associated muscle spasms.</li> <li>Acute traumatic sprain/strain of the thoracic spine with associated muscle spasms.</li> <li>Acute traumatic sprain/strain of the lumbar spine with associated muscle spasms.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	PDF REF
	7	<ul> <li>Cervical extension traction to help restore normal cervical lordotic curvature.</li> <li>Trigger point therapy to aid in the reduction of contracted muscle</li> </ul>	
		<ul><li>fibers and reduces referral pain.</li><li>Exercise rehabilitation to strengthen the affected musculature and</li></ul>	
		thereby stabilize the injured joints. This patient's injuries were caused by a flexion/extension type trauma,	
		causing shearing forces. This injury resulted in tearing and hemorrhaging of	

DATE	FACILITY/	MEDICAL EVENTS	PDF REF
	PROVIDER		
		the involved tissues. The subsequent pain caused supporting muscles to	
		spasm and splint in an effort to immobilize and protect the area from further	
		aggravation and injury. The immobilized tissues resulted in adhesions in the	
		attachment sites of the ligaments and tendons. The tendons, muscles and	
		ligaments suffered micro tearing and hemorrhaging that repair with scar	
		tissue. Scar tissue does not have an elastic property, as did the uninjured	
		tissues. This results in decreased ranges of motion and restricted movements	
		as well as increased sensitivity of the injured area.	
		The course of treatment that followed this injury aided in the reduction of	
		inflammation of the involved tissues, lengthened scar tissues, facilitated	
		spinal alignment and increased joint mobility.	
		Prognosis:	
		This patient's progress has been good. While being treated in this office, the	
		patient has demonstrated a decrease in symptomatology brought on by the	
		above-mentioned accident.	
		The patient self released and moved out of state.	
		Due to this patient's residual symptoms, she will likely require future care	
		characterized as supportive in nature. It is within reasonable clinical	
		probability that up to four flares in symptoms are likely to occur during the	
		course of a 12-month period based upon the patient's present activities of	
		daily living. I anticipate 3-5 visits being required for each episode. As a	
0.1 1		result, visits ranging up to 20 are recommended annually.	
Other records:			
Medical bills, Af	Fidavit		
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\*Reviewer's comments: All the significant details are included in the chronology. These records have been reviewed and do not contain any significant information. Hence not elaborated.